(in accordance with Regulation (EU) 2015/830)

## Pro Top Coat-Barniz 2k Linea Pro

Version: 1 Revision date: 17/05/2019



Page 1 of 18 Print date: 17/05/2019

## SECTION 1: IDENTIFICATION OF THE MIXTURE AND OF THE COMPANY/UNDERTAKING.

### 1.1 Product identifier.

Product Name: Product Code: Barniz 2k Linea Pro Pro Top Coat

### 1.2 Relevant identified uses of the mixture and uses advised against.

Not available.

#### 1.3 Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet.

Company:	Químicas Vila Hervás S.L
Address:	Calle Perelló nº 3 (Polígono Industrial Masía del Juez)
City:	Torrent
Province:	Valencia
Telephone:	+ 34 960649838
E-mail:	fulldip@fulldip.com
Web:	www.fulldip.com

1.4 Emergency telephone number: (Only available during office hours; Monday-Friday; 08:00-18:00)

## **SECTION 2: HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION.**

### 2.1 Classification of the mixture.

In accordance with Regulation (EU) No 1272/2008:

Aquatic Chronic 3 : Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

Eye Irrit. 2 : Causes serious eye irritation.

Flam. Liq. 2 : Highly flammable liquid and vapour.

STOT SE 3 : May cause respiratory irritation.

STOT SE 3 : May cause drowsiness or dizziness.

### 2.2 Label elements.

Labelling in accordance with Regulation (EU) No 1272/2008: Pictograms:



Signal Word:

Danger

H statements:

H225	Highly flammable liquid and vapour.
H319	Causes serious eye irritation.
H336	May cause drowsiness or dizziness.
H412	Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

P statements:

- P101 If medical advice is needed, have product container or label at hand.
- P102 Keep out of reach of children.
- P103 Read label before use.
- P210 Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking.
- P271 Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area.
- P501 Dispose of contents/container according to law.

P305+P351+P338 IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing.

P304+P340 IF INHALED: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing.

P303+P361+P353 IF ON SKIN (or hair): Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water [or

(in accordance with Regulation (EU) 2015/830)

## Pro Top Coat-Barniz 2k Linea Pro



Version: 1

Revision date: 17/05/2019

Page 2 of 18 Print date: 17/05/2019

shower]. P370+P378

In case of fire: Use an ABC powder fire extinguiser to extinguish.

EUH statements:

EUH208 Contains methyl 2-methylprop-2-enoate, methyl 2-methylpropenoate, methyl methacrylate. May produce an allergic reaction.

EUH208 Contains Mixture of α-3-(3-(2H-benzotriazol-2-yl)-5-tert-butyl-4-hydroxyphenyl)propionyl-ω-

hydroxypoly(oxyethylene) and α-3-(3-(2H-benzotriazol-2-yl)-5-tert-butyl-4-hydroxyphenyl)propionyl-ω-3-(3-(2H-benzotriazol-

2-yl)-5-tert-butyl-4-hydroxyphenyl)propionyloxypoly(oxyethylene). May produce an allergic reaction.

EUH208 Contains 2-hydroxyethyl methacrylate. May produce an allergic reaction.

EUH208 Contains methyl 1,2,2,6,6-pentamethyl-4-piperidyl sebacate. May produce an allergic reaction.

Contains:

n-butanol,butan-1-ol acetone,propan-2-one,propanone n-butyl acetate Hydrocarbons, C9, aromatics

### 2.3 Other hazards.

In normal use conditions and in its original form, the product itself does not involve any other risk for health and the environment.

## SECTION 3: COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS.

### 3.1 Substances.

Not Applicable.

### 3.2 Mixtures.

Substances posing a danger to health or the environment in accordance with the Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008, assigned a Community exposure limit in the workplace, and classified as PBT/vPvB or included in the Candidate List:

			(*)Classification - Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008	
Identifiers	Name	Concentrate	Classification	specific concentration limit
Index No: 606-024- 00-3 CAS No: 110-43-0 EC No: 203-767-1 Registration No: 01- 2119902391-49-XXXX	[1] heptan-2-one, methyl amyl ketone	1 - 25 %	Acute Tox. 4 *, H332 - Acute Tox. 4 *, H302 - Flam. Liq. 3, H226	-
Index No: 607-025- 00-1 CAS No: 123-86-4 EC No: 204-658-1 Registration No: 01- 2119485493-29-XXXX	[1] n-butyl acetate	10 - 20 %	Flam. Liq. 3, H226 - STOT SE 3, H336	-
CAS No: 128601-23-0 Registration No: 01- 2119455851-35-XXXX	Hydrocarbons, C9, aromatics	2.5 - 10 %	Aquatic Chronic 2, H411 - Asp. Tox. 1, H304 - Flam. Liq. 3, H226 - STOT SE 3, H335	-
Index No: 607-038- 00-2 CAS No: 112-07-2 EC No: 203-933-3 Registration No: 01- 2119475112-47-XXXX	[1] 2-butoxyethyl acetate,butylglycol acetate	1 - 10 %	Acute Tox. 4 *, H312 - Acute Tox. 4 *, H332	-

(in accordance with Regulation (EU) 2015/830)

# Pro Top Coat-Barniz 2k Linea Pro

Version: 1

Revision date: 17/05/2019

liquid vinyl

Page 3 of 18 Print date: 17/05/2019

Index No: 603-004- 00-6 CAS No: 71-36-3 EC No: 200-751-6 Registration No: 01- 2119484630-38-XXXX	[1] n-butanol,butan-1-ol	1 - 3 %	Acute Tox. 4 *, H302 - Eye Dam. 1, H318 - Flam. Liq. 3, H226 - Skin Irrit. 2, H315 - STOT SE 3, H335 - STOT SE 3, H336	-
Index No: 606-001- 00-8 CAS No: 67-64-1 EC No: 200-662-2 Registration No: 01- 2119471330-49-XXXX	[1] acetone,propan-2-one,propanone	1 - 10 %	Eye Irrit. 2, H319 - Flam. Liq. 2, H225 - STOT SE 3, H336	-
Index No: 607-176- 00-3 EC No: 400-830-7 Registration No: 01- 0000015075-76-XXXX	Mixture of a-3-(3-(2H-benzotriazol-2-yl)-5-tert- butyl-4-hydroxyphenyl)propionyl- $\omega$ - hydroxypoly(oxyethylene) and a-3-(3-(2H- benzotriazol-2-yl)-5-tert-butyl-4- hydroxyphenyl)propionyl- $\omega$ -3-(3-(2H-benzotriazol- 2-yl)-5-tert-butyl-4- hydroxyphenyl)propionyloxypoly(oxyethylene)	0.1 - 1 %	Aquatic Chronic 2, H411 - Skin Sens. 1, H317	-
Index No: 601-023- 00-4 CAS No: 100-41-4 EC No: 202-849-4 Registration No: 01- 2119489370-35-XXXX	[1] ethylbenzene	0 - 10 %	Acute Tox. 4 *, H332 - Asp. Tox. 1, H304 - Flam. Liq. 2, H225 - STOT RE 2, H373(órganos de audición)	-
Index No: 607-035- 00-6 CAS No: 80-62-6 EC No: 201-297-1 Registration No: 01- 2119452498-28-XXXX	[1] methyl 2-methylprop-2-enoate,methyl 2- methylpropenoate,methyl methacrylate	0.1 - 1 %	Flam. Liq. 2, H225 - Skin Irrit. 2, H315 - Skin Sens. 1, H317 - STOT SE 3, H335	-
Index No: 607-195- 00-7 CAS No: 108-65-6 EC No: 203-603-9 Registration No: 01- 2119475791-29-XXXX	[1] 2-methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate	0 - 2.5 %	Flam. Liq. 3, H226	-
Index No: 601-022- 00-9 CAS No: 1330-20-7 EC No: 215-535-7 Registration No: 01- 2119488216-32-XXXX	[1] xylene (Mixture of isomers)	0 - 10 %	Acute Tox. 4 *, H312 - Acute Tox. 4 *, H332 - Flam. Liq. 3, H226 - Skin Irrit. 2, H315	-
Index No: 607-124- 00-X CAS No: 868-77-9 EC No: 212-782-2 Registration No: 01- 2119490169-29-XXXX	2-hydroxyethyl methacrylate	0.1 - 1 %	Eye Irrit. 2, H319 - Skin Irrit. 2, H315 - Skin Sens. 1, H317	-
CAS No: 82919-37-7 EC No: 280-060-4	methyl 1,2,2,6,6-pentamethyl-4-piperidyl sebacate	0.1 - 0.25 %	Aquatic Acute 1, H400 - Aquatic Chronic 1, H410 - Skin Sens. 1, H317	-

(\*) The complete text of the H phrases is given in section 16 of this Safety Data Sheet. \* See Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008, Annex VI, section 1.2.

[1] Substance with a Community workplace exposure limit (see section 8.1).

## **SECTION 4: FIRST AID MEASURES.**

(in accordance with Regulation (EU) 2015/830)

## Pro Top Coat-Barniz 2k Linea Pro



Version: 1

Revision date: 17/05/2019

### 4.1 Description of first aid measures.

In case of doubt or when symptoms of feeling unwell persist, get medical attention. Never administer anything orally to persons who are unconscious.

### Inhalation.

Take the victim into open air; keep them warm and calm. If breathing is irregular or stops, perform artificial respiration. Do not administer anything orally. If unconscious, place them in a suitable position and seek medical assistance.

### Eye contact.

Remove contact lenses, if present and if it is easy to do. Wash eyes with plenty of clean and cool water for at least 10 minutes while pulling eyelids up, and seek medical assistance. Dont let the person to rub the affected eye.

#### Skin contact.

Remove contaminated clothing. Wash skin vigorously with water and soap or a suitable skin cleaner. NEVER use solvents or thinners.

#### Ingestion.

If accidentally ingested, seek immediate medical attention. Keep calm. NEVER induce vomiting.

### 4.2 Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed.

Irritant Product, repeated or prolonged contact with skin or mucous membranes can cause redness, blisters or dermatitis, inhalation of spray mist or particles in suspension may cause irritation of the respiratory tract, some symptoms may not be immediate.

#### 4.3 Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed.

In case of doubt or when symptoms of feeling unwell persist, get medical attention. Never administer anything orally to persons who are unconscious. Cover the affected area with a dry sterile bandage. Protect the affected area from pressure or friction.

## **SECTION 5: FIREFIGHTING MEASURES.**

The product is Highly inflammable, it can cause or considerably worsen a fire, the necessary prevention measures should be taken and risks avoided. In case of fire, the following measures are recommended:

### 5.1 Extinguishing media.

### Suitable extinguishing media:

Extinguisher powder or CO2. In case of more serious fires, also alcohol-resistant foam and water spray.

### Unsuitable extinguishing media:

Do not use a direct stream of water to extinguish. In the presence of electrical voltage, you cannot use water or foam as extinguishing media.

### 5.2 Special hazards arising from the mixture.

#### Special risks.

Fire can cause thick, black smoke. As a result of thermal decomposition, dangerous products can form: carbon monoxide, carbon dioxide. Exposure to combustion or decomposition products can be harmful to your health.

During a fire and depending on its magnitude the following may occur: - Flammable vapors or gases.

### 5.3 Advice for firefighters.

Use water to cool tanks, cisterns, or containers close to the heat source or fire. Take wind direction into account. Prevent the products used to fight the fire from going into drains, sewers, or waterways. Product residues and extinguishing media may contaminate the aquatic environment. Follow the instructions given in the emergency or fire evacuation plan or plans if available.

### Fire protection equipment.

According to the size of the fire, it may be necessary to use protective suits against the heat, individual breathing equipment, gloves, protective goggles or facemasks, and boots. During extinction and depending on the magnitude and proximity to the fire, additional protective equipment such as chemical protection gloves, heat-reflecting suits or gas-tight suits may be required.

## SECTION 6: ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES.

(in accordance with Regulation (EU) 2015/830)

## Pro Top Coat-Barniz 2k Linea Pro



Version: 1

Revision date: 17/05/2019

Page 5 of 18 Print date: 17/05/2019

### 6.1 Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures.

Eliminate possible ignition points and ventilate the area. No smoking. Avoid breathing fumes. For exposure control and individual protection measures, see section 8.

## 6.2 Environmental precautions.

Product dangerous for the environment, in case of large spills or if the product contaminates lakes, rivers, or sewers, inform the responsible authorities according to local legislation. Prevent the contamination of drains, surface or subterranean waters, and the ground.

### 6.3 Methods and material for containment and cleaning up.

Pick up the spill with non-combustible absorbent materials (soil, sand, vermiculite, diatomite, etc.). Pour the product and the absorbent in an appropriate container. The contaminated area should be immediately cleaned with an appropriate decontaminator. Pour the decontaminator on the remains in an opened container and let it act various days until no further reaction is produced.

### 6.4 Reference to other sections.

For exposure control and individual protection measures, see section 8. For later elimination of waste, follow the recommendations under section 13.

## SECTION 7: HANDLING AND STORAGE.

### 7.1 Precautions for safe handling.

The fumes are heavier than air and can spread across the ground. They can form explosive mixtures with air. Prevent the creation of flammable or explosive fume concentrations in the air; prevent fume concentrations above work exposure limits. The product must only be used in areas where all unprotected flames and other ignition points have been eliminated. Electrical equipment has to be protected according to applicable standards.

The product can be electrostatically charged: always use earth grounds when transferring the product. Operators must use antistatic footwear and clothing, and floors must be conductors.

Keep the container tightly closed and isolated from heat sources, sparks, and fire. Do not use tools that can cause sparks.For personal protection, see section 8.

In the application area, smoking, eating, and drinking must be prohibited.

Follow legislation on occupational health and safety.

Never use pressure to empty the containers. They are not pressure-resistant containers. Keep the product in containers made of a material identical to the original.

### 7.2 Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities.

Store according to local legislation. Observe indications on the label. Store the containers between 5 and 35° C, in a dry and well-ventilated place, far from sources of heat and direct solar light. Keep far away from ignition points. Keep away from oxidising agents and from highly acidic or alkaline materials. Do not smoke. Prevent the entry of non-authorised persons. Once the containers are open, they must be carefully closed and placed vertically to prevent spills. The product is not affected by Directive 2012/18/EU (SEVESO III).

### 7.3 Specific end use(s).

Not available.

## SECTION 8: EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION.

### 8.1 Control parameters.

Work exposure limit for:

Name	CAS No.	Country	Limit value	ppm	mg/m <sup>3</sup>
		European	Eight hours	50 (skin)	238 (skin)
		Union [1]	Short term	100 (skin)	475 (skin)
		United	Eight hours	50	237
		Kingdom [2]	Short term	100	475
heptan-2-one, methyl amyl ketone	110-43-0	United States	Eight hours	50	
		[3] (Cal/OSHA)	Short term		
		United States	Eight hours	100	
		[4] (NIOSH)	Short term		
		United States	Eight hours	100	465

(in accordance with Regulation (EU) 2015/830)

# Pro Top Coat-Barniz 2k Linea Pro



Version: 1 Revision date: 17/05/2019

		[5] (OSHA)	Short term	1	
		United	Eight hours	150	724
		Kingdom [2]	Short term	200	966
		United States	Eight hours	150	500
		[3] (Cal/OSHA)		200	
n-butyl acetate	123-86-4	United States	Eight hours	150	
		[4] (NIOSH)	Short term	200	
			Eight hours	150	710
		United States	-	150	/10
		[5] (OSHA)	Short term	20 (-1.5.2)	122 (-1.5
		European	Eight hours	20 (skin)	133 (skin)
2-butoxyethyl acetate,butylglycol	112-07-2	Union [1]	Short term	50 (skin)	333 (skin)
acetate		United	Eight hours	20	133
		Kingdom [2]	Short term	50	332
		United	Eight hours		
		Kingdom [2]	Short term	50	154
		United States	Eight hours	(Ceiling) 50	
n-butanol,butan-1-ol	71-36-3	[3] (Cal/OSHA)	Short term		
	71-50-5	United States	Eight hours	(Ceiling) 50	
		[4] (NIOSH)	Short term		
		United States	Eight hours	100	300
		[5] (OSHA)	Short term		
		European	Eight hours	500	1210
		Union [1]	Short term		
		United	Eight hours	500	1210
		Kingdom [2]	Short term	1500	3620
		Ringdon [2]	Eight hours	500	5020
acetone,propan-2-one,propanone	67-64-1	United States	Light hours	750 (Ceiling)	
acetone,propan-2-one,propanone	07-04-1	[3] (Cal/OSHA)	Short term	3000	
		United States	Fight hours	250	
			Eight hours Short term	250	
		[4] (NIOSH)		1000	2400
		United States	Eight hours	1000	2400
		[5] (OSHA)	Short term	100 ( 11 )	(12 (11))
		European	Eight hours	100 (skin)	442 (skin)
		Union [1]	Short term	200 (skin)	884 (skin)
		United	Eight hours	100	441
		Kingdom [2]	Short term	125	552
ethylbenzene	100-41-4	United States	Eight hours	5	
	100 11 1	[3] (Cal/OSHA)	Short term	30	
		United States	Eight hours	100	
		[4] (NIOSH)	Short term	125	
		United States	Eight hours	100	435
		[5] (OSHA)	Short term		
		European	Eight hours	50	
		Union [1]	Short term	100	
		United	Eight hours	50	208
		Kingdom [2]	Short term	100	416
methyl 2-methylprop-2-enoate,methyl		United States	Eight hours	50	
2-methylpropenoate, methyl	80-62-6	[3] (Cal/OSHA)	Short term	100	
methacrylate		United States	Eight hours	100	
		[4] (NIOSH)	Short term	100	
		United States	Eight hours	100	410
		[5] (OSHA)	Short term	100	011
				EQ (altim)	
		European	Eight hours	50 (skin)	275 (skin)
2-methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate	108-65-6	Union [1]	Short term	100 (skin)	550 (skin)
, ,, <del>-</del>		United	Eight hours	50	274
		Kingdom [2]	Short term	100	548
		European	Eight hours	50 (skin)	221 (skin)
xylene (Mixture of isomers)	1330-20-7	Union [1]	Short term	100 (skin)	442 (skin)
Ayrene (Mixture of isofficis)	1330-20-7	United	Eight hours	50	220
		Kingdom [2]		100	441

(in accordance with Regulation (EU) 2015/830)

## Pro Top Coat-Barniz 2k Linea Pro



Version: 1

Revision date: 17/05/2019

	Page 7 of 18
Print date:	17/05/2019

United States	Eight hours	100	
[3] (Cal/OSHA)	Short term	150 (Ceiling) 300	
United States	Eight hours	100	
[4] (NIOSH)	Short term	150	
United States	Eight hours	100	435
[5] (OSHA)	Short term		

[1] According both Binding Occupational Esposure Limits (BOELVs) and Indicative Occupational Exposure Limits (IOELVs) adopted by Scientific Committee for Occupational Exposure Limits to Chemical Agents (SCOEL).

[2] According Limit Value (IOELV) list in 2nd Indicative Occupational Exposure adobted by Health and Safety Executive.

[3] California Division of Occupational Safety and Health (Cal/OSHA) Permissible Exposure Limits (PELs).

[4] According Compendium of Policy Documents and Statements adopted by National Institute for Occupational Safety and Health (NIOSH).

[5] According Occupational Health and Safety Standards and US Code of Federal Regulations adopted by US Occupational Safety and Health Administration (OSHA).

The product does NOT contain substances with Biological Limit Values.

Concentration levels DNEL/DMEL:

Name	DNEL/DMEL	Туре	Value
heptan-2-one,methyl amyl ketone CAS No: 110-43-0	DNEL (Workers)	Inhalation, Long-term, Systemic effects	394,25 (mg/m <sup>3</sup> )
EC No: 203-767-1	. ,		
	DNEL	Inhalation, Long-term, Systemic effects	480
	(Workers)		(mg/m <sup>3</sup> )
	DNEL (General	Inhalation, Long-term, Systemic effects	102,34
	population) DNEL	Inhalation, Acute, Systemic effects	(mg/m <sup>3</sup> ) 960
	(Workers)	Initialation, Acute, Systemic effects	(mg/m <sup>3</sup> )
	DNEL (General	Inhalation, Acute, Systemic effects	859,7
	population)		(mg/m <sup>3</sup> )
	DNEL	Inhalation, Long-term, Local effects	480
n-butyl acetate CAS No: 123-86-4	(Workers)	, , ,	(mg/m <sup>3</sup> )
EC No: 204-658-1	DNEL (General	Inhalation, Long-term, Local effects	102,34
LC NO. 204-030-1	population)		(mg/m <sup>3</sup> )
	DNEL	Inhalation, Acute, Local effects	960
	(Workers)		(mg/m <sup>3</sup> )
	DNEL (General	Inhalation, Acute, Local effects	859,7
	population)	Ovel Long town Cystomia offecto	$(mg/m^3)$
	DNEL (General population)	Oral, Long-term, Systemic effects	3,4 (mg/kg bw/day)
	DNEL (General	Dermal, Long-term, Systemic effects	3,4 (mg/kg
	population)	Dermal, Long-term, Systemic effects	bw/day)
2-butoxyethyl acetate,butylglycol acetate	DNEL	Inhalation, Long-term, Systemic effects	133
CAS No: 112-07-2	(Workers)	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	(mg/m <sup>3</sup> )
EC No: 203-933-3	、 <i>,</i>		
	DNEL	Inhalation, Long-term, Local effects	310
	(Workers)		(mg/m <sup>3</sup> )
n-butanol,butan-1-ol	DNEL (General	Inhalation, Long-term, Local effects	55
CAS No: 71-36-3	population)	Ough have been Customic offerste	(mg/m <sup>3</sup> )
EC No: 200-751-6	DNEL (General	Oral, Long-term, Systemic effects	3,125
	population)		(mg/kg bw/day)
	DNEL	Inhalation, Long-term, Systemic effects	1210
	(Workers)	Initiation, Long term, Systemic cricets	(mg/m <sup>3</sup> )
	DNEL (General	Inhalation, Long-term, Systemic effects	200
	population)	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	(mg/m <sup>3</sup> )
	DNEL	Inhalation, Acute, Local effects	2420
acetone,propan-2-one,propanone	(Workers)		(mg/m <sup>3</sup> )
CAS No: 67-64-1	DNEL	Dermal, Long-term, Systemic effects	186
EC No: 200-662-2	(Workers)		(mg/kg
			bw/day)
	DNEL (General	Dermal, Long-term, Systemic effects	62 (mg/kg
	population)	Ovel Lang town Customic officia	bw/day)
	DNEL (General	Oral, Long-term, Systemic effects	62 (mg/kg bw/day)
	population)		DW/Uay)

(in accordance with Regulation (EU) 2015/830)

# Pro Top Coat-Barniz 2k Linea Pro



Version: 1

Revision date: 17/05/2019

Page 8 of 18 Print date: 17/05/2019

ethylbenzene CAS No: 100-41-4 EC No: 202-849-4	DNEL (Workers)	Inhalation, Long-term, Systemic effects	77 (mg/m³)
methyl 2-methylprop-2-enoate,methyl 2- methylpropenoate,methyl methacrylate	DNEL (Workers)	Inhalation, Long-term, Local effects	208 (mg/m <sup>3</sup> )
CAS No: 80-62-6 EC No: 201-297-1	DNEL (Workers)	Inhalation, Long-term, Systemic effects	208 (mg/m <sup>3</sup> )
	DNEL (Workers)	Inhalation, Long-term, Systemic effects	275 (mg/m³)
	DNEL (General population)	Inhalation, Long-term, Systemic effects	33 (mg/m <sup>3</sup> )
2-methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate CAS No: 108-65-6	DNEL (Workers)	Dermal, Long-term, Systemic effects	153,5 (mg/kg bw/day)
EC No: 203-603-9	DNEL (General population)	Dermal, Long-term, Systemic effects	54,8 (mg/kg bw/day)
	DNEL (General population)	Oral, Long-term, Systemic effects	1,67 (mg/kg bw/day)
xylene (Mixture of isomers) CAS No: 1330-20-7 EC No: 215-535-7	DNEL (Workers)	Inhalation, Long-term, Systemic effects	77 (mg/m <sup>3</sup> )
2-hydroxyethyl methacrylate CAS No: 868-77-9 EC No: 212-782-2	DNEL (Workers)	Inhalation, Long-term, Systemic effects	4,9 (mg/m³)

DNEL: Derived No Effect Level, level of exposure to the substance below which adverse effects are not anticipated. DMEL: Derived Minimal Effect Level, exposure level corresponding to a low risk, that risk should be considered a tolerable minimum. Concentration levels PNEC:

Name	Details	Value
	aqua (freshwater)	0,18 (mg/l)
	aqua (marine water)	0,018 (mg/l)
	aqua (intermittent releases)	0,36 (mg/l)
n-butyl acetate	STP	35,6 (mg/l)
CAS No: 123-86-4	sediment (freshwater)	0,981 (mg/kg
EC No: 204-658-1		sediment dw)
	sediment (marine water)	0,0981
		(mg/kg
		sediment dw)
	aqua (freshwater)	0,082 (mg/L)
	aqua (marine water)	0,0082
		(mg/L)
	aqua (intermittent releases)	2,25 (mg/L)
n hutanal hutan 1 al	STP	2476 (mg/L)
n-butanol,butan-1-ol CAS No: 71-36-3	sediment (freshwater)	0,178 (mg/kg
EC No: 200-751-6		sediment dw)
EC 10. 200-751-0	sediment (marine water)	0,0178
		(mg/kg
		sediment dw)
	soil	0,015 (mg/kg
		soil dw)
	aqua (freshwater)	10,6 (mg/L)
	aqua (marine water)	1,06 (mg/L)
	aqua (intermittent releases)	21 (mg/L)
acetone,propan-2-one,propanone	STP	100 (mg/L)
CAS No: 67-64-1	sediment (freshwater)	30,04 (mg/kg
EC No: 200-662-2		sediment dw)
LC NO. 200-002-2	sediment (marine water)	3,04 (mg/kg
		sediment dw)
	soil	29,5 (mg/kg
		soil dw)
2-methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate	aqua (freshwater)	0,635 (mg/L)

(in accordance with Regulation (EU) 2015/830)

# Pro Top Coat-Barniz 2k Linea Pro



Version: 1

Revision date: 17/05/2019

	Pa	ge 9	of 18
Print date:	17	/05	/2019

P		
CAS No: 108-65-6	aqua (marine water)	0,0635
EC No: 203-603-9		(mg/L)
	aqua (intermittent releases)	6,35 (mg/L)
	STP	100 (mg/L)
	sediment (freshwater)	3,29 (mg/kg
		sediment dw)
	sediment (marine water)	0,329 (mg/kg
		sediment dw)
	soil	0,29 (mg/kg
		soil dw)

PNEC: Predicted No Effect Concentration, concentration of the substance below which adverse effects are not expected in the environmental compartment.

### 8.2 Exposure controls.

## Measures of a technical nature:

Provide adequate ventilation, which can be achieved by using good local exhaust-ventilation and a good general exhaust system.

Concentration:	100 %
Uses:	
Breathing protect	tion:
PPE:	Filter mask for protection against gases and particles.
Characteristics:	«CE» marking, category III. The mask must have a wide field of vision and an anatomically designed form in order to be sealed and watertight.
CEN standards:	EN 136, EN 140, EN 405
Maintenance:	Should not be stored in places exposed to high temperatures and damp environments before use. Special attention should be paid to the state of the inhalation and exhalation valves in the face adaptor. Read carefully the manufacturer's instructions regarding the equipment's use and maintenance. Attach
Observations:	the necessary filters to the equipment according to the specific nature of the risk (Particles and aerosols: P1-P2-P3, Gases and vapours: A-B-E-K-AX), changing them as advised by the manufacturer.
Filter Type needed:	
Hand protection:	
PPE: Characteristics:	Protective gloves. «CE» marking, category II.
CEN standards:	EN 374-1, En 374-2, EN 374-3, EN 420
Maintenance:	Keep in a dry place, away from any sources of heat, and avoid exposure to sunlight as much as possible. Do not make any changes to the gloves that may alter their resistance, or apply paints, solvents or adhesives.
Observations:	Gloves should be of the appropriate size and fit the user's hand well, not being too loose or too tight. Always use with clean, dry hands.
Material:	PVC (polyvinyl chloride) Breakthrough time > 480 Material thickness (mm): 0,35
Eye protection:	
PPE:	Face shield.
Characteristics:	«CE» marking, category II. Face and eye protector against splashing liquid.
CEN standards:	EN 165, EN 166, EN 167, EN 168
Maintenance:	Visibility through lenses should be ideal. Therefore, these parts should be cleaned daily. Protectors should be disinfected periodically following the manufacturer's instructions. Make sure that mobile parts move smoothly.
Observations:	Face shields should offer a field of vision with a dimension in the central line of, at least, 150 mm vertically once attached to the frame.
Skin protection:	
PPE:	Anti-static protective clothing.
Characteristics:	«CE» marking, category II. Protective clothing should not be too tight or loose in order not to obstruct the user's movements.
CEN standards:	EN 340, EN 1149-1, EN 1149-2, EN 1149-3, EN 1149-5
Maintenance:	In order to guarantee uniform protection, follow the washing and maintenance instructions provided by the manufacturer.
Observations:	The protective clothing should offer a level of comfort in line with the level of protection provided in terms of the hazard against which it protects, bearing in mind environmental conditions, the user's level of activity and the expected time of use.
PPE:	Anti-static safety footwear.

(in accordance with Regulation (EU) 2015/830)

## Pro Top Coat-Barniz 2k Linea Pro



Page 10 of 18

Print date: 17/05/2019

Version: 1

Revision date: 17/05/2019

Characteristics:	«CE» marking, category II.
CEN standards:	EN ISO 13287, EN ISO 20344, EN ISO 20346
CEN Stanuarus.	
Maintenance:	The footwear should be checked regularly
	The level of comfort during use and acceptability are factors that are assessed very differently depending
Observations:	on the user. Therefore, it is advisable to try on different footwear models and, if possible, different
	widths.

## SECTION 9: PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES.

### 9.1 Information on basic physical and chemical properties.

Appearance: Transparent liquid with characteristic odour Colour: N.A./N.A. Odour:N.A./N.A. Odour threshold:N.A./N.A. pH:N.A./N.A. Melting point:N.A./N.A. Boiling Point: 132 °C Flash point: 19 °C Evaporation rate: N.A./N.A. Inflammability (solid, gas): N.A./N.A. Lower Explosive Limit: N.A./N.A. Upper Explosive Limit: N.A./N.A. Vapour pressure: 17,43 Vapour density:N.A./N.A. Relative density:0,848 Solubility:N.A./N.A. Liposolubility: N.A./N.A. Hydrosolubility: N.A./N.A. Partition coefficient (n-octanol/water): N.A./N.A. Auto-ignition temperature: N.A./N.A. Decomposition temperature: N.A./N.A. Viscosity: N.A./N.A. Explosive properties: N.A./N.A. Oxidizing properties: N.A./N.A. N.A./N.A. = Not Available/Not Applicable due to the nature of the product

### 9.2 Other information.

Dropping point: N.A./N.A. Blink: N.A./N.A. Kinematic viscosity: N.A./N.A. N.A./N.A.= Not Available/Not Applicable due to the nature of the product

## SECTION 10: STABILITY AND REACTIVITY.

#### 10.1 Reactivity.

The product does not present hazards by their reactivity.

#### 10.2 Chemical stability.

Stable under the recommended handling and storage conditions (see section 7).

#### 10.3 Possibility of hazardous reactions.

The product does not present possibility of hazardous reactions.

### 10.4 Conditions to avoid.

Avoid any improper handling.

### 10.5 Incompatible materials.

Keep away from oxidising agents and from highly alkaline or acidic materials in order to prevent exothermic reactions.

### 10.6 Hazardous decomposition products.

No decomposition if used for the intended uses.

(in accordance with Regulation (EU) 2015/830)

## Pro Top Coat-Barniz 2k Linea Pro



Version: 1 Revision date: 17/05/2019

Page 11 of 18 Print date: 17/05/2019

## SECTION 11: TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION.

2-butoxyethanol and its acetate are easily absorbed by the skin and can cause noxious effects to the kidneys.

IRRITANT PREPARATION. Splatters in the eyes can cause irritation. IRRITANT PREPARATION. The inhalation of spray mist or suspended particulates can irritate the respiratory tract. It can also cause serious respiratory difficulties, central nervous system disorders, and in extreme cases, unconsciousness.

## 11.1 Information on toxicological effects.

Repeated or prolonged contact with the product can cause the elimination of oil from the skin, giving rise to non-allergic contact dermatitis and absorption of the product through the skin.

Splatters in the eyes can cause irritation and reversible damage.

### Toxicological information about the substances present in the composition.

Acute toxicity			city		
Name	Туре	Test Kind Value			
		LD50 Rat	10800 mg/kg bw [1]		
	Oral	[1] Acute Toxicity Data. Journal of the American College of Toxicology, Part B. Vol. 1, Pg. 196, 1992			
n-butyl acetate		LD50 Rabbit	>17600 mg/kg bw [1]		
	Dermal	[1] Raw Material Data Handbook, Vol.1: Organic Solvents, 1974. Vol. 1, Pg. 7, 1974			
		LC50 Rat	1.85 mg/l/4 h [1]		
CAS No: 123-86-4 EC No: 204-658-1	Inhalation				
		[1] Inhalation Toxicology. V			
		LD50 Rat	4360 mg/kg bw [1]		
	Oral	Report No.14-73. Export, PA			
n-butanol,butan-1-ol		LD50 Rabbit	3402 mg/kg bw [1]		
	Dermal	Report No.14-73. Export, PA	shy Run Research Center, Project A. 1951.		
		LC50 Rat	7500 ppm (8 h) [1]		
CAS No: 71-36-3 EC No: 200-751-6	Inhalation	[1] Union Carbide Corp. Bus Report No.14-73. Export, P/	shy Run Research Center,   Project A. 1951.		
		LD50 Rat	5800 mg/kg bw [1]		
acetone,propan-2-one,propanone	Oral	[1] Journal of Toxicology ar Pg. 609, 1985	nd Environmental Health. Vol. 15,		
	Dermal				
CAS No: 67-64-1 EC No: 200-662-2	Inhalation				
		LD50 Rat	3500 mg/kg bw [1]		
	Oral				
			ial Health. Vol. 14, Pg. 387, 1956		
ethylbenzene	Downad	LD50 Rabbit	15400 mg/kg bw [1]		
	Dermal	[1] Food and Coorrection Top			
		[1] Food and Cosmetics Tox	kicology. Vol. 13, Pg. 803, 1975		
CAS No: 100-41-4 EC No: 202-849-4	Inhalation				
		LD50 Rat	6190 mg/kg bw [1]		
2-methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate	Oral	[1] Study report, 1985. C Toxicity).	DECD Guideline 401 (Acute Oral		
		LD50 Rabbit	>5000 mg/kg bw [1]		
	Dermal	[1] Dow Chemical Company Reports. Vol. MSD-1582			
	Inhalation	LCO Rat	>4345 ppm (6 h) [1]		
1	Innalation		> 13 13 bbin (0 11) [1]		

(in accordance with Regulation (EU) 2015/830)

## Pro Top Coat-Barniz 2k Linea Pro

Version: 1

Revision date: 17/05/2019



Page 12 of 18 Print date: 17/05/2019

CAS No: 108-65-6 EC No: 203-603-9		[1] Study report, 1980. OECD Guideline 403 (Acute Inhalation Toxicity).
	Oral	LD50 Rat 4300 mg/kg bw [1] [1] AMA Archives of Industrial Health. Vol. 14, Pg. 387, 1956
xylene (Mixture of isomers)	Dermal	LD50       Rabbit       > 1700 mg/kg bw [1]         [1] Raw Material Data Handbook, Vol.1: Organic Solvents, 1974. Vol. 1, Pg. 123, 1974
CAS No: 1330-20-7 EC No: 215-535-7	Inhalation	LC50 Rat 21,7 mg/l/4 h [1] [1] Raw Material Data Handbook, Vol.1: Organic Solvents, 1974. Vol. 1, Pg. 123, 1974

a) acute toxicity; Not conclusive data for classification.

Acute Toxicity Estimate (ATE): Mixtures: ATE (Dermal) = 36.667 mg/kg ATE (Oral) = 2.597 mg/kg

b) skin corrosion/irritation; Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

c) serious eye damage/irritation; Product classified: Eye irritation, Category 2: Causes serious eye irritation.

d) respiratory or skin sensitisation; Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

e) germ cell mutagenicity; Not conclusive data for classification.

f) carcinogenicity; Not conclusive data for classification.

g) reproductive toxicity; Not conclusive data for classification.

h) STOT-single exposure;Product classified:Specific target organ toxicity following a single exposure, Category 3:

i) STOT-repeated exposure; Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

j) aspiration hazard; Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

## SECTION 12: ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION.

### 12.1 Toxicity.

Name	Ecotoxicity			
Name	Туре	Test	Kind	Value
n-butyl acetate	Fish	LC50	Fish	81 mg/l (96 h) [1]

(in accordance with Regulation (EU) 2015/830)

## Pro Top Coat-Barniz 2k Linea Pro



Version: 1 Revision date: 17/05/2019

Page 13 of 18 Print date: 17/05/2019

cAS No: 123-86-4         EC No: 204-658-1         [1] wellens, H. 1982. Comparison of the Sensitivity of Benchustanic retroit Pishes. J.(2):495-22 (REV ASS), Dawson, G.W., AL. Jennings, D. Dorzdowski, and E. Reich 1977. The Acute Toxicity of Val Industrial Chemicals to Fresh and Saltwater Fishes. J.Hazard Mater. 1(4):303-318 (OECDG Data File)           Aquatic invertebrates         Aquatic invertebrates         ECS0         Daphnia sp.         44 mg/l (48 h) [1]           Aquatic invertebrates         [1] publication, 1959         Desmodesmus subspicatus         ECS0         reported reported subspicatus           CAS No: 123-86-4         EC No: 204-658-1         [1] Method: other: algae growth inhibition test, according to Umwetbundesamt (German Federal Environment Agency) (proposal/draft, vesion February) 1984)           n-butanol,butan-1-ol         Fish         [1] Wong, D.C.L, P.B. Dorn, and J.P. Salanitro. 1998. Aquatic[Toxicity of Four Oxy-Solvents. Equilon Enterprises, LUCTechnical Information Record WTC-3520.           CAS No: 71-36-3         EC No: 200-751-6         ECS0         Daphnia magna         1328 mg/L (48 h) [1]           Aquatic plants         Fish         [1] Wong, D.C.L, P.B. Dorn, and J.P. Salanitro. 1998. Aquatic[Toxicity of Four Oxy-Solvents. Equilon Enterprises, LUCTechnical Information Record WTC-3520.           CAS No: 71-36-3         EC No: 200-751-6         Selenastrum capticornutum (Pseudokirchnereil a subcapita)         J.P. Salanitro. 1998. Aquatic[Toxicity of Four Oxy-Solvents. Equilon Enterprises, LUCTechnical Information Record WTC-3520. <td< th=""><th>1</th><th>1</th><th>1</th></td<>	1	1	1
Aquatc invertebrates       [1] publication, 1959         CAS No: 123-86-4       EC No: 204-658-1         (I) Method: other: algae growth inhibition test, according to Umwetbundesamu (German Federal Environment Agency) (proposal/draft, version Federal Environment Agency) (proposal/draft, version Federal Environment Agency)         n-butanol,butan-1-ol       II) Method: other: algae growth inhibition test, according to Umwetbundesamt (German Federal Environment Agency)         n-butanol,butan-1-ol       Fish       [1] Wong, D.C.L, P.B. Dorn, and J.P. Salanitro. 1998. Aquatic Toxicity of Four Oxy-Solvents. Equilon Enterprises, ILC[Technical Information Record WTC-3520.         CAS No: 71-36-3       EC No: 200-751-6       ECS0       Daphnia magna       1328 mg/L (96 h) [1] a subcapital         Gaston Propan-2-one,propanone       Fish       [1] Wong, D.C.L, P.B. Dorn, and J.P. Salanitro. 1998. Aquatic Toxicity of Four Oxy-Solvents. Equilon Enterprises, ILC[Technical Information Record WTC-3520.         Gaston Propan-2-one,propanone       Fish       [1] Wong, D.C.L, P.B. Dorn, and J.P. Salanitro. 1998. Aquatic Toxicity of Four Oxy-Solvents. Equilon Enterprises, ILC[Technical Information Record WTC-3520.         Gaston Propan-2-one,propanone       Fish       [1] Corogil, U.M., and O.P. Miazzo 1991. The Sensitivity of Coricodaphina dubia and Daphnia magna with Dophina puper and Daphnia magna with Dophina puper and Daphnia magna with Dophina puper with Daphnia nugna with Dophina puper and Daphnia magna with			Brachydanio rerio and Leuciscus idus by Testing the Fish Toxicity of Chemicals and Wastewaters. Z.Wasser- Abwasser-Forsch. 51(2):49-52 (GER) (ENG ABS). Dawson, G.W., A.L. Jennings, D. Drozdowski, and E. Rider 1977. The Acute Toxicity of 47 Industrial Chemicals to Fresh and Saltwater Fishes. J.Hazard.Mater. 1(4):303-318 (OECDG
(1) publication, 1993         (2) Desmodesmus subspicatus         (2) Cas No: 123-86-4       EC No: 204-658-1         (2) Cas No: 123-86-4       EC No: 204-658-1         (1) Method: other: algae growth inhibition test, according to Unweltbundesamt (German Federal Environment Agency) (proposal/draft, version Federal Environment Agency (proposal/draft, version Federal Environment Agency (proposal/draft, version Federal Environment (presudivironment Agency) (proposal/draft, version Federal Environment (presudivironment Agency) (proposal/draft, version Federal Environment (presudivironment Agency) (proposal/draft, ver			EC50 Daphnia sp. 44 mg/l (48 h) [1]
CAS No: 123-86-4       EC No: 204-658-1       ECS0       subspicatus subspicatus)       674.7 mg/l (72 h) [1] scenedesmus subspicatus)         CAS No: 123-86-4       EC No: 204-658-1       [1] Method: other: algae growth inhibition test, according to Unweltbundesamt (German Federal Environment Agency) (proposal/draft, version February 1984)         n-butanol,butan-1-ol       Fish       [1] Wong, D.C.L, P.B. Dorn, and J.P. Salanitro. 1998. Aquatic Toxicity of Pour Oxy-Solvents. Equilon Enterprises, LLC[Technical Information Record WTC-3520.         n-butanol,butan-1-ol       Aquatic invertebrates       [1] Wong, D.C.L, P.B. Dorn, and J.P. Salanitro. 1998. Aquatic[Toxicity of Four Oxy-Solvents. Equilon Enterprises, LLC[Technical Information Record WTC-3520.         CAS No: 71-36-3       EC No: 200-751-6       [1] Wong, D.C.L, P.B. Dorn, and J.P. Salanitro. 1998. Aquatic[Toxicity of Four Oxy-Solvents. Equilon Enterprises, LLC[Technical Information Record WTC-3520.         acetone,propan-2-one,propanone       Fish       [1] Comg, D.C.L, P.B. Dorn, and J.P. Salanitro. 1998. Aquatic Toxicity of Four Oxy-Solvents. Equilon Enterprises, LLC[Technical Information Record WTC-3520.         acetone,propan-2-one,propanone       Fish       [1] Comgli, U.M., and D.P. Milazzo 1991. The Sensitivity of Ceriodaphila dubia and Daphina imagna to Seven Chemicals Ultilizing the Three-Ford Test. Arch.Environ.Contam.Toxicol. 20(2):11-217. Canton, J.H., and D.M. Adema 1928. Reproduction Toxicity 45 Source Test Arch.Environ Octam.Toxicit. 20(2):11-217. Canton, J.H., and D.M. Adema 1928. Reproduction Toxicity 50 Short.Term and Reproduction Toxicity Experiment and appanin aqual and Comparison of the Sensitivity of D		invertebrates	
CKS N0: 123-86-4       EC N0: 204-635-1       Unwelbundesamt (German Federal Environment Agency) (proposal/draft, version February 1984)         n-butanol,butan-1-ol       LC50       Pimephales promelas       1376 mg/L (96 h) [1] promelas         n-butanol,butan-1-ol       Fish       [1] Wong, D.C.L, P.B. Dorn, and J.P. Salanitro. 1998. Aquatic[Toxicity of Four Oxy-Solvents. Equilon Enterprises, LLC[Technical Information Record WTC-3520.         ecos       Daphnia magna       1328 mg/L (48 h) [1]         Aquatic invertebrates       Aquatic [Toxicity of Four Oxy-Solvents. Equilon Enterprises, LLC[Technical Information Record WTC-3520.         Selenastrum       Selenastrum         ecos       capricornutum         P(Pseudokirchnerell       717 mg/L (96 h) [1]         acetone,propan-2-one,propanone       [1] Wong, D.C.L, P.B. Dorn, and J.P. Salanitro. 1998. Aquatic[Toxicity of Four Oxy-Solvents. Equilon Enterprises, LC[Technical Information Record WTC-3520.         acetone,propan-2-one,propanone       [1] Wong, D.C.L, P.B. Dorn, and J.P. Salanitro. 1998. Aquatic[Toxicity of Four Oxy-Solvents. Equilon Enterprises, LC[Technical Information Record WTC-3520.         acetone,propan-2-one,propanone       [1] Wong, D.C.L, P.B. Dorn, and J.P. Salanitro. 1998. Aquatic[Toxicity of Some Common Industrial Waste Components Tested Individually and Combined. Prog.Fish-Cut. 30(1):3-8         acetone,propan-2-one,propanone       [1] Cowgil, U.M., and D.P. Milazzo 1991. The Sensitivity of Coriodophia dubia and Daphnia magna vith Daphnia magna with Daphnia magna with Daphn		Aquatic plants	subspicatus EC50 (reported as 674.7 mg/l (72 h) [1] Scenedesmus
n-butanol,butan-1-ol       Fish       [1] Wong, D.C.L, P.B. Dorn, and J.P. Salanitro. 1998. Aquatic[Toxicity of Four Oxy-Solvents. Equilon Enterprises, LLC[Technical Information Record WTC-3520.         acetone,propan-2-one,propanone       Aquatic       [1] Wong, D.C.L, P.B. Dorn, and J.P. Salanitro. 1998. Aquatic[Toxicity of Four Oxy-Solvents. Equilon Enterprises, LLC]Technical Information Record WTC-3520.         CAS No: 71-36-3       EC No: 200-751-6       [1] Wong, D.C.L, P.B. Dorn, and J.P. Salanitro. 1998. Aquatic[Toxicity of Four Oxy-Solvents. Equilon Enterprises, LLC]Technical Information Record WTC-3520.         CAS No: 71-36-3       EC No: 200-751-6       [1] Wong, D.C.L, P.B. Dorn, and J.P. Salanitro. 1998. Aquatic[Toxicity of Four Oxy-Solvents. Equilon Enterprises, LLC]Technical Information Record WTC-3520.         CAS No: 71-36-3       EC No: 200-751-6       [1] Wong, D.C.L, P.B. Dorn, and J.P. Salanitro. 1998. Aquatic[Toxicity of Four Oxy-Solvents. Equilon Enterprises, LLC]Technical Information Record WTC-3520.         CAS No: 71-36-3       EC No: 200-751-6       [1] Wong, D.C.L, P.B. Dorn, and J.P. Salanitro. 1998. Aquatic[Toxicity of Four Oxy-Solvents. Equilon Enterprises, LLC]Technical Information Record WTC-3520.         acetone,propan-2-one,propanone       [1] Coirds, J.Jr., and A. Scheier 1968. A Comparison of the Toxicity of Some Common Industrial Waste Components Tested Individually and Combined. Prog.Fish-Cut. 30(1):3-84         Aquatic       Invertebrates       [1] Coxgill, U.M., and D.P. Milazzo 1991. The Sensitivity of Ceriodaphnia dubia and Daphnia magna and to Sepriments. Hydrobiologia 59(2):135-140 (Used Reference 2018) <t< td=""><td>CAS No: 123-86-4 EC No: 204-658-1</td><td></td><td>Umweltbundesamt (German Federal Environment Agency) (proposal/draft, version February 1984)</td></t<>	CAS No: 123-86-4 EC No: 204-658-1		Umweltbundesamt (German Federal Environment Agency) (proposal/draft, version February 1984)
n-butanol,butan-1-ol       I] Wong, D.C.L, P.B. Dorr, and J.P. Salanitro. 1998. Aquatic [Toxity of Four Oxy-Solvents. Equilon Enterprises, LLC]Technical Information Record WTC-3520.         rector       ECS0       Daphnia magna       1328 mg/L (48 h) [1]         Aquatic invertebrates       II] Wong, D.C.L, P.B. Dorr, and J.P. Salanitro. 1998. Aquatic [Toxity of Four Oxy-Solvents. Equilon Enterprises, LLC]Technical Information Record WTC-3520.         CAS No: 71-36-3       EC No: 200-751-6       Selenastrum EC90       capriconnutum (Pseudokirchnerell a subcapitata)         CAS No: 71-36-3       EC No: 200-751-6       II] Wong, D.C.L, P.B. Dorr, and J.P. Salanitro. 1998. Aquatic [Toxity of Four Oxy-Solvents. Equilon Enterprises, LLC]Technical Information Record WTC-3520.         CAS No: 71-36-3       EC No: 200-751-6       II] Wong, D.C.L, P.B. Dorr, and J.P. Salanitro. 1998. Aquatic [Toxity of Four Oxy-Solvents. Equilon Enterprises, LLC]Technical Information Record WTC-3520.         LC50       Fish       8300 mg/l (96 h) [1]         I] Cairns, J.Jr., and A. Scheier 1968. A Comparison of the Toxicity of Some Common Industrial Waste Components Tested Individually and Combined. Prog.Fish-Cut. 30(1):3-8         acetone,propan-2-one,propanone       LC50       Crustacean       8450 mg/l (48 h) [1]         II] Cowgill, U.M., and D.P. Milazzo 1991. The Sensitivity of Ceriodaphnia dubia and Daphnia magna to Seven Chemicals Uilling the Three-Brood Test.       Arch.Environ.Contam.Toxicol. 20(2):11-217. Canton, J.H., and D.M.M. Adema 1978. Reproducibility of Shot-Term Experiments. Hydrobiologia 59(2):135-			
n-butanol,butan-1-olEC50Daphnia magna1328 mg/L (48 h) [1]Aquatic invertebratesAquatic invertebrates[1] Wong, D.C.L, P.B. Dorn, and J.P. Salanitro. 1998. Aquatic Toxicity of Four Oxy-Solvents. Equilon Enterprises, LLC Technical Information Record WTC-3520. Selenastrum (Pseudokirchnerell a subcapitata)CAS No: 71-36-3EC No: 200-751-6[1] Wong, D.C.L, P.B. Dorn, and J.P. Salanitro. 1998. Aquatic Toxicity of Four Oxy-Solvents. Equilon Enterprises, LLC Technical Information Record WTC-3520.CAS No: 71-36-3EC No: 200-751-6[1] Wong, D.C.L, P.B. Dorn, and J.P. Salanitro. 1998. Aquatic Toxicity of Four Oxy-Solvents. Equilon Enterprises, LLC Technical Information Record WTC-3520.CAS No: 71-36-3EC No: 200-751-6[1] Wong, D.C.L, P.B. Dorn, and J.P. Salanitro. 1998. Aquatic Toxicity of Four Oxy-Solvents. Equilon Enterprises, LLC]Technical Information Record WTC-3520.CAS No: 71-36-3EC No: 200-751-6[1] Corris, J.Jr., and A. Scheier 1968. A Comparison of the Toxicity of Some Common Industrial Waste Components Tested Individually and Combined. Prog.Fish-Cult. 30(1):3-8 LC50acetone,propan-2-one,propanoneFish[1] Cowgill, U.M., and D.P. Milazzo 1991. The Sensitivity of Ceriodaphnia dubia and Daphnia magna to Seven Chemicals Utilizing the Three-Brood Test. Arch.Environ.Contam. Toxicol. 20(2):211-217. Canton, J.H., and D.M. Adema 1978. Reproducibility of Short-Term Experiments. Hydrobiologia 59(2):135-140 (Used Reference 2018)CAS No: 67-64-1EC No: 200-662-2Aquatic plantsAquatic plants[1] Slooff, W. 1982. A Comparative Study on the Short- Term Effects of 15 Chemicals on Fresh Water Organisms of Different Tropic Levels. Natl.Tec		Fish	Aquatic Toxicity of Four Oxy-Solvents. Equilon Enterprises,
Aquatic invertebratesAquatic invertebrates[1] Wong, D.C.L, P.B. Dorn, and J.P. Salanitro. 1998. Aquatic[Toxicity of Four Oxy-Solvents. Equilon Enterprises, LLC[Technical Information Record WTC-3520. Selenastrum EC90CAS No: 71-36-3EC No: 200-751-6[1] Wong, D.C.L, P.B. Dorn, and J.P. Salanitro. 1998. Aquatic[Toxicity of Four Oxy-Solvents. Equilon Enterprises, LLC[Technical Information Record WTC-3520. (Pseudokirchnerell a subcapitata)CAS No: 71-36-3EC No: 200-751-6[1] Wong, D.C.L, P.B. Dorn, and J.P. Salanitro. 1998. Aquatic[Toxicity of Four Oxy-Solvents. Equilon Enterprises, LLC]Technical Information Record WTC-3520. LCS0acetone,propan-2-one,propanoneFish[1] Cairns, J.Jr., and A. Scheier 1968. A Comparison of the Toxicity of Some Common Industrial Waste Components Tested Individually and Combined. Prog.Fish-Cult 30(1):3-8 LCS0acetone,propan-2-one,propanoneAquatic invertebrates[1] Cowgill, U.M., and D.P. Milazzo 1991. The Sensitivity of Ceriodaphnia dubia and Daphnia magna to Seven Chemicals Utilizing the Three-Brood Test. Arch.Environ.Contam.Toxicol. 20(2):211-217. Canton, J.H., and D.M.M. Adema 1978. Reproductibility of Short-Term and Reproduction Toxicity Experiments with Daphnia magna and Comparison of the Sensitivity of Daphnia magna and Comparison of th			
CAS No: 71-36-3EC No: 200-751-6EC No: 200-751-6EC No: 200-751-6EC No: 200-751-6EC No: 200-751-6EC No: 200-751-6EC No: 200-751-6I] Wong, D.C.L, P.B. Dorn, and J.P. Salanitro. 1998. Aquatic Toxicity of Four Oxy-Solvents. Equilon Enterprises, LC[Technical Information Record WTC-3520.acetone,propan-2-one,propanoneFish[1] Carins, J.Jr., and A. Scheier 1968. A Comparison of the Toxicity of Some Common Industrial Waste Components Tested Individually and Combined. Prog.Fish-Cult. 30(1):3-8 LC50acetone,propan-2-one,propanoneAquatic invertebrates[1] Cowgill, U.M., and D.P. Milazzo 1991. The Sensitivity of Ceriodaphnia dubia and Daphnia magna to Seven Chemicals Utilizing the Three-Brood Test. Arch.Environ. Contam.Toxicol. 20(2):211-217. Canton, J.H., and D.M.M. Adema 1978. Reproducibility of Short-Term and Reproduction Toxicity Experiments with Daphnia magna and Comparison of the Sensitivity of Daphni	n-butanol,butan-1-ol		Aquatic Toxicity of Four Oxy-Solvents. Equilon Enterprises, LLC Technical Information Record WTC-3520.
CAS NO. 71-30-3       EC NO. 200-731-6       Aquatic  Toxicity of Four Oxy-Solvents. Equilon Enterprises, LLC[Technical Information Record WTC-3520.         LCS0       Fish       8300 mg/l (96 h) [1]         I       Cas No. 71-30-3       EC NO. 200-751-6         Aquatic  Toxicity of Four Oxy-Solvents. Equilon Enterprises, LLC[Technical Information Record WTC-3520.       EC No. 200-761-6         Fish       II Coirns, J.Jr., and A. Scheier 1968. A Comparison of the Toxicity of Some Common Industrial Waste Components Tested Individually and Combined. Prog.Fish-Cult. 30(1):3-8         LC50       Crustacean       8450 mg/l (48 h) [1]         II Cowgill, U.M., and D.P. Milazzo 1991. The Sensitivity of Ceriodaphnia dubia and Daphnia magna to Seven Chemicals Utilizing the Three-Brood Test.       Arch.Environ.Contam.Toxicol. 20(2):211-217. Canton, J.H., and D.M.M. Adema 1978. Reproducibility of Short-Term and Reproduction Toxicity Experiments with Daphnia magna and Comparison of the Sensitivity of Daphnia magna with Daphnia pulex and Daphnia cucullata in Short-Term Experiments. Hydrobiologia 59(2):135-140 (Used Reference 2018)         CAS No: 67-64-1       EC No: 200-662-2       Aquatic plants         Aquatic plants       ECSO       Algae       7200 mg/l (96 h) [1]         II] Slooff, W. 1982. A Comparative Study on the Short-Term Effects of 15 Chemicals on Fresh Water Organisms of Different Tropic Levels. Natl.Tech.Inf.Serv., Springfield, VA :25 p. (DUT) (ENG ABS) (NT15/PB83-200386)		Aquatic plants	EC90 capricornutum (Pseudokirchnerell 717 mg/L (96 h) [1]
Fish       [1] Cairns, J.Jr., and A. Scheier 1968. A Comparison of the Toxicity of Some Common Industrial Waste Components Tested Individually and Combined. Prog.Fish-Cult. 30(1):3-8         acetone,propan-2-one,propanone       LC50       Crustacean       8450 mg/l (48 h) [1]         [1] Cowgill, U.M., and D.P. Milazzo 1991. The Sensitivity of Ceriodaphnia dubia and Daphnia magna to Seven Chemicals Utilizing the Three-Brood Test.       Arch.Environ.Contam.Toxicol. 20(2):211-217. Canton, J.H., and D.M.M. Adema 1978. Reproducibility of Short-Term and Reproduction Toxicity Experiments with Daphnia magna and Comparison of the Sensitivity of Daphnia magna with Daphnia pulex and Daphnia cucullata in Short-Term Experiments. Hydrobiologia 59(2):135-140 (Used Reference 2018)         CAS No: 67-64-1       EC No: 200-662-2       Aquatic plants         [1] Slooff, W. 1982. A Comparative Study on the Short-Term Effects of 15 Chemicals on Fresh Water Organisms of Different Tropic Levels. Natl.Tech.Inf.Serv., Springfield, VA :25 p. (DUT) (ENG ABS) (NTIS/PB83-200386)	CAS No: 71-36-3 EC No: 200-751-6		Aquatic Toxicity of Four Oxy-Solvents. Equilon Enterprises,
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CAS No: 67-64-1 EC No: 200-662-2 Aquatic plants [1] Slooff, W. 1982. A Comparative Study on the Short- Term Effects of 15 Chemicals on Fresh Water Organisms of Different Tropic Levels. Natl.Tech.Inf.Serv., Springfield, VA :25 p. (DUT) (ENG ABS) (NTIS/PB83-200386)	acetone,propan-2-one,propanone		[1] Cowgill, U.M., and D.P. Milazzo 1991. The Sensitivity of Ceriodaphnia dubia and Daphnia magna to Seven Chemicals Utilizing the Three-Brood Test. Arch.Environ.Contam.Toxicol. 20(2):211-217. Canton, J.H., and D.M.M. Adema 1978. Reproducibility of Short-Term and Reproduction Toxicity Experiments with Daphnia magna and Comparison of the Sensitivity of Daphnia magna with Daphnia pulex and Daphnia cucullata in Short-Term Experiments. Hydrobiologia 59(2):135-140 (Used Reference 2018)
	CAS No: 67-64-1 EC No: 200-662-2	Aquatic plants	[1] Slooff, W. 1982. A Comparative Study on the Short- Term Effects of 15 Chemicals on Fresh Water Organisms of Different Tropic Levels. Natl.Tech.Inf.Serv., Springfield, VA
	ethylbenzene	Fish	

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# Pro Top Coat-Barniz 2k Linea Pro

Full Dip

Version: 1 Revision date: 17/05/2019

Page 14 of 18 Print date: 17/05/2019

1	I	
		[1] Mayer, F.L.Jr., and M.R. Ellersieck 1986. Manual of Acute Toxicity: Interpretation and Data Base for 410 Chemicals and 66 Species of Freshwater Animals. Resour.Publ.No.160, U.S.Dep.Interior, Fish Wildl.Serv., Washington, DC :505 p. (USGS Data File)
		LC50 Crustacean 16,2 mg/l (48 h) [1]
	Aquatic invertebrates	[1] MacLean, M.M., and K.G. Doe 1989. The Comparative Toxicity of Crude and Refined Oils to Daphnia magna and Artemia. Environment Canada, EE-111, Dartmouth, Nova Scotia :64 p
		EC50 Algae 5 mg/l (72 h) [1]
CAS No: 100-41-4 EC No: 202-849-4	Aquatic plants	<ol> <li>Galassi, S., M. Mingazzini, L. Vigano, D. Cesareo, and M.L. Tosato 1988. Approaches to Modeling Toxic Responses of Aquatic Organisms to Aromatic Hydrocarbons. Ecotoxicol.Environ.Saf. 16(2):158-169. Masten, L.W., R.L. Boeri, and J.D. Walker 1994. Stategies Employed to Determine the Acute Aquatic Toxicity of Ethyl Benzene, a Highly Volatile, Poorly Water-Soluble Chemical. Ecotoxicol.Environ.Saf. 27(3):335-348</li> </ol>
	<b>F</b> . 1	LC50 Oryzias latipes 100 mg/L (96 h) [1]
	Fish	[1] Environment Access of Japan (1000)
		[1] Environment Agency of Japan (1998)EC50Daphnia magna407 mg/L (48 h) [1]
	Aquatic	
2-methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate	invertebrates	[1] Environment Agency of Japan (1998)
		Selenastrum
	Aquatic plants	EC50 capricornutum >1000 mg/L (72 h) [1] a subcapitata)
CAS No: 108-65-6 EC No: 203-603-9		[1] Environment Agency of Japan (1998)
		LC50 Fish 15,7 mg/l (96 h) [1]
	Fish	[1] Bailey, H.C., D.H.W. Liu, and H.A. Javitz 1985. Time/Toxicity Relationships in Short-Term Static, Dynamic, and Plug-Flow Bioassays. In: R.C.Bahner and D.J.Hansen (Eds.), Aquatic Toxicology and Hazard Assessment, 8th Symposium, ASTM STP 891, Philadelphia, PA :193-212
		LC50 Crustacean 8,5 mg/l (48 h) [1]
xylene (Mixture of isomers)	Aquatic invertebrates	[1] Tatem, H.E., B.A. Cox, and J.W. Anderson 1978. The Toxicity of Oils and Petroleum Hydrocarbons to Estuarine Crustaceans. Estuar.Coast.Mar.Sci. 6(4):365-373. Tatem, H.E. 1975. The Toxicity and Physiological Effects of Oil and Petroleum Hydrocarbons on Estuarine Grass Shrimp Palaemonetes pugio (Holthuis). Ph.D.Thesis, Texas A&M University, College Station, TX :133 p
	Aquatic plants	
CAS No: 1330-20-7 EC No: 215-535-7		

## 12.2 Persistence and degradability.

No information is available regarding the biodegradability of the substances present. No information is available on the degradability of the substances present.No information is available about persistence and degradability of the product.

### 12.3 Bioaccumulative potential.

Information about the bioaccumulation of the substances present.

Name	Bioaccumulation			
Nallie	Log Pow	BCF	NOECs	Level

(in accordance with Regulation (EU) 2015/830)

## Pro Top Coat-Barniz 2k Linea Pro

Version: 1

Revision date: 17/05/2019



Page 15 of 18 Print date: 17/05/2019

heptan-2-one, methyl amyl ketone		1.00			
CAS No: 110-43-0	EC No: 203-767-1	1,98	-	-	Very low
n-butyl acetate		1,78	_		Very low
CAS No: 123-86-4	EC No: 204-658-1	1,70	_		Very low
n-butanol,butan-1-ol		0,84	_	_	Very low
CAS No: 71-36-3	EC No: 200-751-6	0,01			very low
acetone,propan-2-one,propanone		-0,24	3	_	Very low
CAS No: 67-64-1	EC No: 200-662-2	0,21			Very low
ethylbenzene		3,15	_	-	Moderate
CAS No: 100-41-4	EC No: 202-849-4	5,15			liouciute

### 12.4 Mobility in soil.

No information is available about the mobility in soil. The product must not be allowed to go into sewers or waterways. Prevent penetration into the ground.

### 12.5 Results of PBT and vPvB assessment.

No information is available about the results of PBT and vPvB assessment of the product.

#### 12.6 Other adverse effects.

No information is available about other adverse effects for the environment.

## SECTION 13 DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS.

#### 13.1 Waste treatment methods.

Do not dump into sewers or waterways. Waste and empty containers must be handled and eliminated according to current, local/national legislation.

Follow the provisions of Directive 2008/98/EC regarding waste management.

## SECTION 14: TRANSPORT INFORMATION.

Transport following ADR rules for road transport, RID rules for railway, ADN for inner waterways, IMDG for sea, and ICAO/IATA for air transport.

Land: Transport by road: ADR, Transport by rail: RID.

Transport documentation: Consignment note and written instructions

Sea: Transport by ship: IMDG.

Transport documentation: Bill of lading

<u>Air</u>: Transport by plane: ICAO/IATA. Transport document: Airway bill.

(in accordance with Regulation (EU) 2015/830)

## Pro Top Coat-Barniz 2k Linea Pro

Version: 1 Revision date: 17/05/2019



Page 16 of 18 Print date: 17/05/2019

## 14.1 UN number.

UN No: UN1263

### 14.2 UN proper shipping name.

Description: ADR: UN 1263, PAINT, 3, PG III, (D/E) IMDG: UN 1263, PAINT, 3, PG III (19°C) ICAO/IATA: UN 1263, PAINT, 3, PG III

### 14.3 Transport hazard class(es).

Class(es): 3

## 14.4 Packing group.

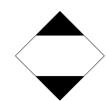
Packing group: III

### 14.5 Environmental hazards.

Marine pollutant: No

### 14.6 Special precautions for user.

ADR LQ: 5 L IMDG LQ: 5 L ICAO LQ: 10 L



Provisions concerning carriage in bulk ADR: Not authorized carriage in bulk in accordance with ADR. Transport by ship, FEm – Emergency sheets (F – Fire, S - Spills): F-E,<u>S-E</u> Proceed in accordance with point 6.

## 14.7 Transport in bulk according to Annex II of MARPOL and the IBC Code.

The product is not transported in bulk.

## **SECTION 15: REGULATORY INFORMATION.**

### 15.1 Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the mixture.

The product is not affected by the Regulation (EC) No 1005/2009 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 16 September 2009 on substances that deplete the ozone layer.

Product classification according to Annex I of Directive 2012/18/EU (SEVESO III): N/A

The product is not affected by Regulation (EU) No 528/2012 concerning the making available on the market and use of biocidal products.

The product is not affected by the procedure established Regulation (EU) No 649/2012, concerning the export and import of dangerous chemicals.

### 15.2 Chemical safety assessment.

No Chemical Safety Assessment has been carried out for this substance/mixture by the supplier.

## **SECTION 16: OTHER INFORMATION.**

Complete text of the H phrases that appear in section 3:

- H225 Highly flammable liquid and vapour.
- H226 Flammable liquid and vapour.
- H302 Harmful if swallowed.
- H304 May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.
- H312 Harmful in contact with skin.

(in accordance with Regulation (EU) 2015/830)

## Pro Top Coat-Barniz 2k Linea Pro

Print date: 17/05/2019

Page 17 of 18

Version: 1 Revision date: 17/05/2019

H315	Causes skin irritation.
H317	May cause an allergic skin reaction.
H318	Causes serious eye damage.
H319	Causes serious eye irritation.
H332	Harmful if inhaled.
H335	May cause respiratory irritation.
H336	May cause drowsiness or dizziness.
H373	May cause damage to organs <or affected,="" all="" if="" known="" organs="" state=""> through prolonged or repeated</or>
exposure <state r<="" td=""><td>oute of exposure if it is conclusively proven that no other routes of exposure cause the hazard&gt;.(órganos de</td></state>	oute of exposure if it is conclusively proven that no other routes of exposure cause the hazard>.(órganos de
audición)	
H400	Very toxic to aquatic life.
H410	Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.
H411	Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

Classification codes:

Acute Tox. 4 : Acute toxicity (Dermal), Category 4

- Acute Tox. 4 : Acute toxicity (Inhalation), Category 4
- Acute Tox. 4 : Acute toxicity (Oral), Category 4

Aquatic Acute 1 : Acute toxicity to the aquatic environment, Category 1

Aquatic Chronic 1 : Chronic effect to the aquatic environment, Category 1

- Aquatic Chronic 2 : Chronic effect to the aquatic environment, Category 2
- Aquatic Chronic 3 : Chronic effect to the aquatic environment, Category 3
- Asp. Tox. 1 : Aspiration toxicity, Category 1
- Eye Dam. 1 : Serious eye damage, Category 1
- Eye Irrit. 2 : Eye irritation, Category 2
- Flam. Liq. 2 : Flammable liquid, Category 2

Flam. Liq. 3 : Flammable liquid, Category 3

- Skin Irrit. 2 : Skin irritant, Category 2
- Skin Sens. 1 : Skin sensitiser, Category 1

STOT RE 2 : Specific target organ toxicity following a repeated exposure, Category 2

STOT SE 3 : Specific target organ toxicity following a single exposure, Category 3

It is advisable to carry out basic training with regard to health and safety at work in order to handle this product correctly.

Abbreviations and acronyms used:

- ADR: European Agreement concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Road.
- BCF: Bioconcentration factor.
- CEN: European Committee for Standardization.
- DMEL: Derived Minimal Effect Level, exposure level corresponding to a low risk, that risk should be considered a tolerable minimum.
- DNEL: Derived No Effect Level, level of exposure to the substance below which adverse effects are not anticipated.
- EC50: Half maximal effective concentration.
- PPE: Personal protection equipment.
- IATA: International Air Transport Association.
- ICAO: International Civil Aviation Organization.
- IMDG: International Maritime Code for Dangerous Goods.
- LC50: Lethal concentration, 50%.
- LD50: Lethal dose, 50%.
- Log Pow: Logarithm of the partition octanol-water.
- NOEC: No observed effect concentration.
- PNEC: Predicted No Effect Concentration, concentration of the substance below which adverse effects are not expected in the environmental compartment.
- RID: Regulations Concerning the International Transport of Dangerous Goods by Rail.

Key literature references and sources for data:

http://eur-lex.europa.eu/homepage.html

http://echa.europa.eu/

Regulation (EU) 2015/830.

Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006.

Regulation (EU) No 1272/2008.

(in accordance with Regulation (EU) 2015/830)

## Pro Top Coat-Barniz 2k Linea Pro



Version: 1 Revision date: 17/05/2019 Page 18 of 18 Print date: 17/05/2019

The information given in this Safety Data Sheet has been drafted in accordance with COMMISSION REGULATION (EU) 2015/830 of 28 May 2015 amending Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006 of the European Parliament and of the Council on the Registration, Evaluation, Authorisation and Restriction of Chemicals (REACH), establishing a European Chemicals Agency, amending Directive 1999/45/EC and repealing Council Regulation (EEC) No 793/93 and Commission Regulation (EC) No 1488/94 as well as Council Directive 76/769/EEC and Commission Directives 91/155/EEC, 93/67/EEC, 93/105/EC and 2000/21/EC.

The information in this Safety Data Sheet on the Preparation is based on current knowledge and on current EC and national laws, as far as the working conditions of the users is beyond our knowledge and control. The product must not be used for purposes other than those that are specified without first having written instructions on how to handle. It is always the responsibility of the user to take the appropriate measures in order to comply with the requirements established by current legislation. The information contained in this Safety Sheet only states a description of the safety requirements for the preparation, and it must not be considered as a guarantee of its properties.